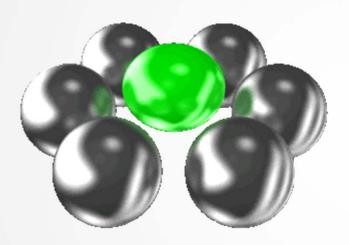
CREATING RESILIENT SYSTEMS OF CARE



Sandra L. Bloom, M.D.

TO BUILD RESILIENT SYSTEMS OF CARE



We have to know what we are up against

We have to know what we are dealing with

We need to know how things change

We have to know how to get around obstacles to change

We need to know how to create the context for that change to emerge



WHAT ARE WE UP AGAINST? OUR OWN BIOLOGY, OUR OWN PSYCHOLOGY, OUR OWN SOCIOLOGY



Human history becomes more and more a race between education and catastrophe.

H. G. Wells

Outline of History, 1920





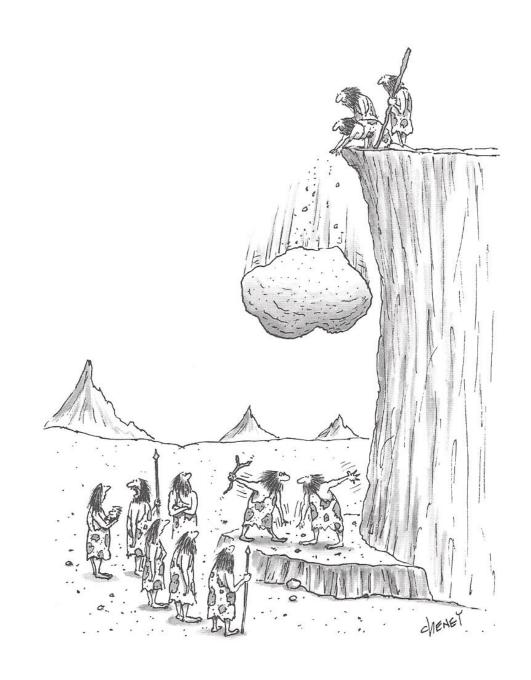
Are we driving ourselves toward national/global traumatic second order change?

The 10 Best Post-Apocalyptic Movies Of 2013

K. Clark

Posted May 9, 2013





"You're going to hate how it ends."



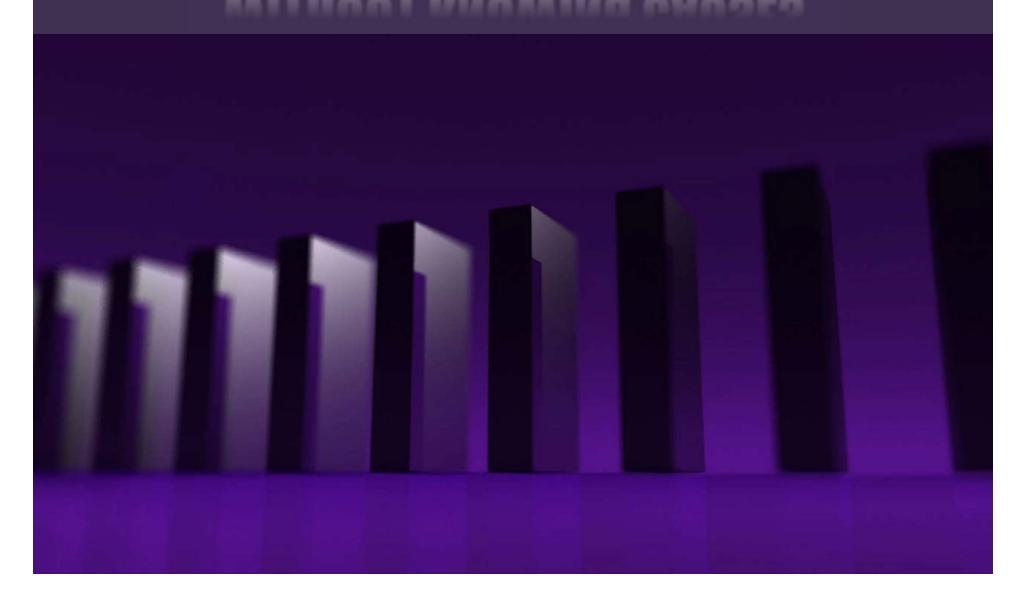
FUTURE

Can we consciously evolve quickly enough to avoid extinction?

KEY TO THE DILEMMA



IT'S VERY HARD TO CHANGE EFFECTS WITHOUT KNOWING CAUSES

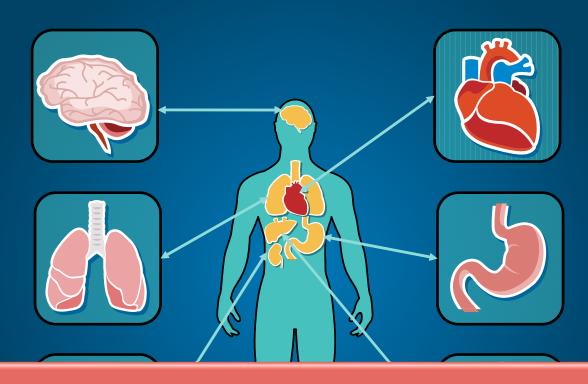


WHAT ARE WE DEALING WITHP



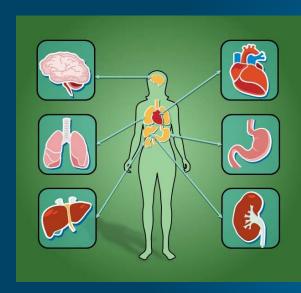
Living systems theory is a general theory about the existence of all living systems, their structure, interaction, behavior and development.

WHAT IS A SYSTEM?



A system is a set of interconnected elements that are *interdependent* so that changes in some element or their relations produce changes in other parts of the system.

WHAT IS A SYSTEM?



The entire system exhibits properties and behaviors that are different from those of the parts.

The system-as-a-whole *emerges* from the sum of the individual parts

The function of the whole cannot be completely understood by reducing it to its parts



The science of change in complex adaptive systems

COMPLEXITY THEORY

All living systems are complex, adaptive systems that are constantly changing

Yet all systems resist change and try to maintain homeostasis

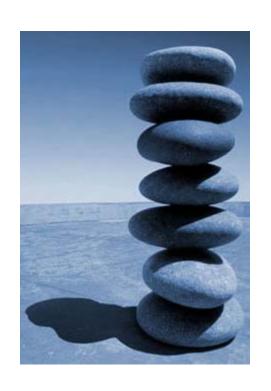
At the same time, most stable equilibrium is DEATH

Simple cause-and-effect explanations of anything break down as soon as there is an interaction of more than two variables.

Simple solutions to complex problems do not work

All of our significant social problems are COMPLEX and NONLINEAR while our preferred solutions are usually SIMPLE AND LINEAR and therefore DOOMED

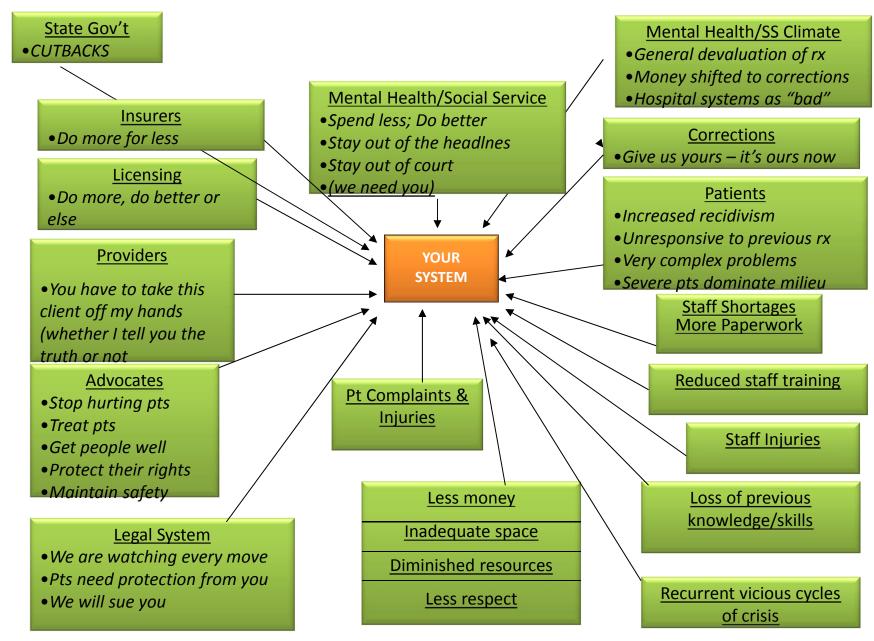
THE PARADOXES OF LIVING SYSTEMS



Living, complex, adaptive systems are vulnerable to stress, particularly chronic and repetitive stress. Living, complex, adaptive systems can be traumatized and the result of traumatic experience can be devastating



SYSTEMS UNDER SIEGE



ORGANIZATIONAL HYPERAROUSAL



WHEN EVERYTHING IS A CRISIS



CHRONIC CRISIS = LOSS OF BASIC SAFETY & TRUST

EMOTIONAL DYSREGULATION

POOR COMMUNICATION: UNDISCUSSABLES

POISONED GRAPEVINE; INCREASED CONFLICTS

IMPERMEABLE BOUNDARIES; INFORMATION SILOS

MEMORY LOSS; MINDLESS REPETITION

LOSS OF PARTICIPATION

LEARNED HELPLESSNESS

HOSTILE WORKPLACE



When two or more systems – whether these consist of individuals, groups, or organizations – have significant relationships with one another, they tend to develop similar thoughts, feelings and behavior.

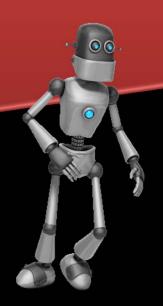
K. K. Smith, V.M. Simmons, and T.B. Thames, The journal of applied behavioral science, 1989. 25(1): p. 11-29. As a result, our systems frequently recapitulate the very experiences that have proven to be so toxic for the people we are supposed to help and thus reduce the possibility of recovery or prevention.



HOW DOES CHANGE OCCUR?

FIRST ORDER CHANGE

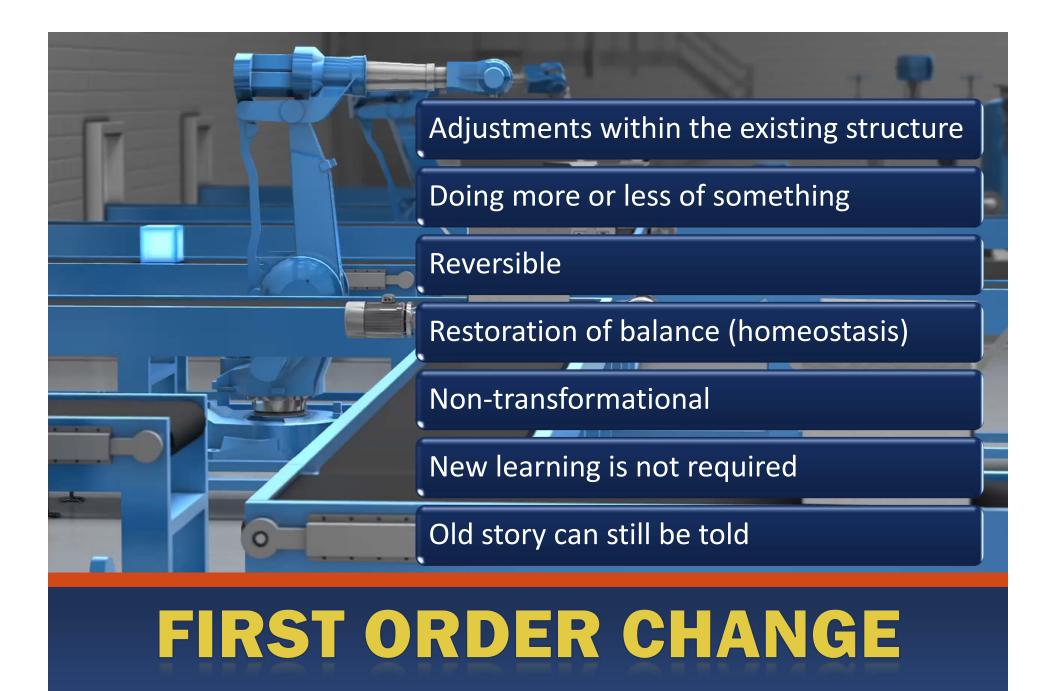
 Doing more or less of something we are already doing



SECOND ORDER CHANGE

 Deciding or being forced to do something entirely differently than we have done it in the past





SECOND-ORDER CHANGE

Turbulent and chaotic

Sudden unpredictable

New way of seeing things

Shifting gears

Irreversible

Often begins through the informal system

Requires new learning

New story is told

Transformation to something quite different



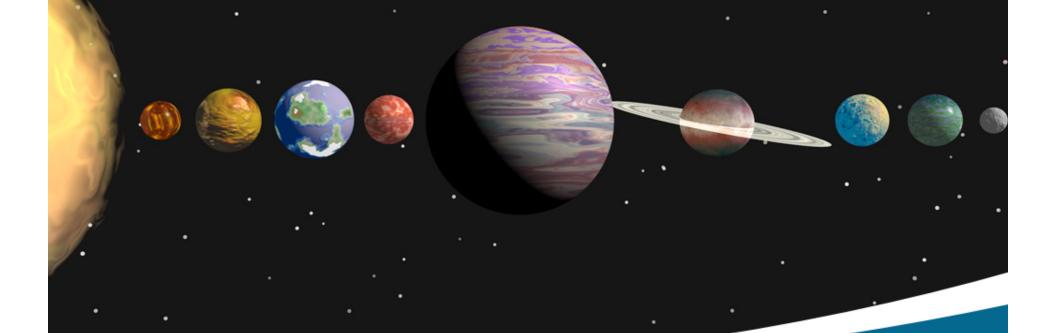
YOU CANNOT MAKE TRANSFORMATION HAPPEN



BUT YOU CAN REMOVE OBSTACLES AND CREATE THE CONTEXT FOR TRANSFORMATIVE CHANGE TO OCCUR



Think of them as magnets that draw a complex adaptive system in a particular direction.



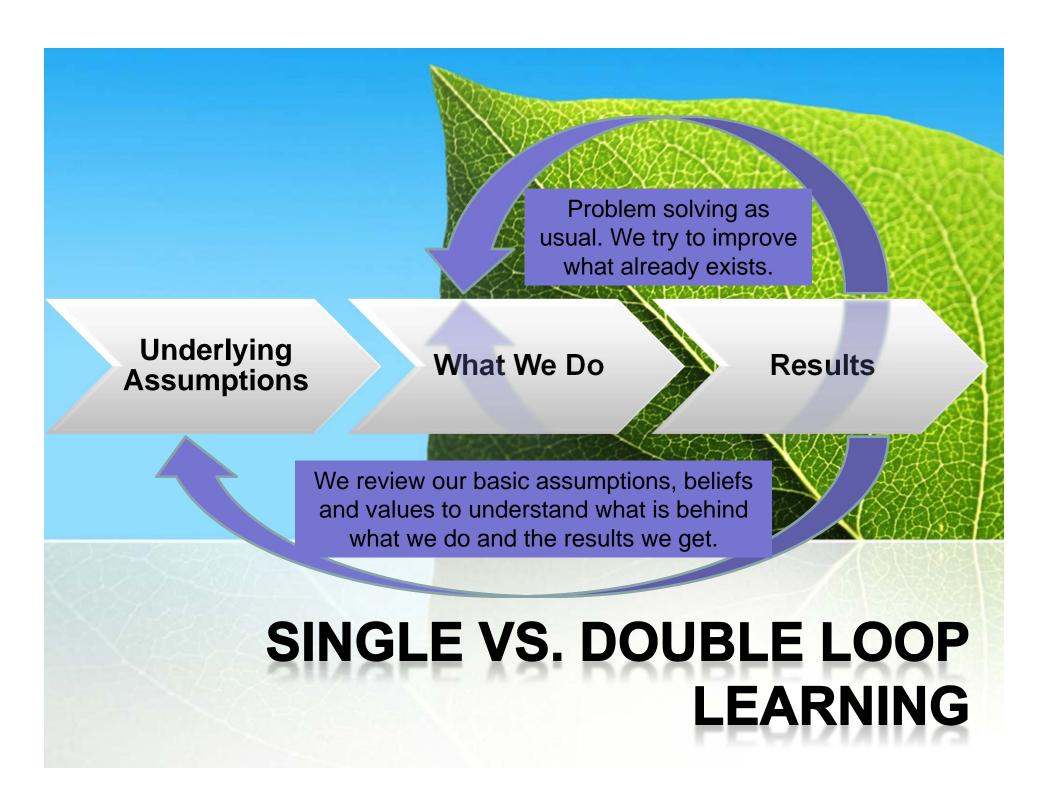


Define the movement that is permitted in the system

System may be temporarily perturbed

Settles back into the prescribed behavior through first-order, single-loop, "equilibrium-seeking processes"

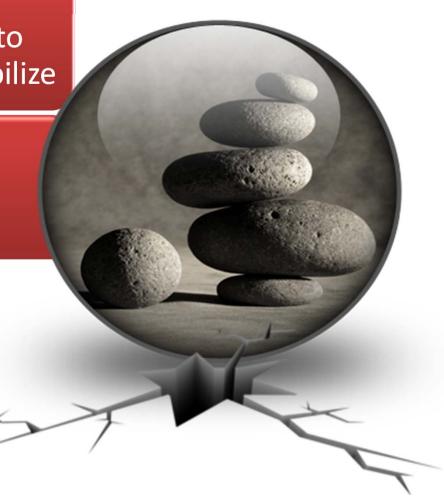
ATTRACTORS



TURBULENCE

But if turbulence increases and FIRST ORDER ADJUSTMENTS fail to work, the system does not restabilize

Is now on "the edge of chaos"



FAR-FROM-EQUILIBRIUM CONDITIONS

Components of a system are far from a condition where they are locked into place and stable

But their level of excitation is not so extreme that the system dissolves entirely.

Edge of chaos is precondition for creativity, innovation and transformation to take place

EDGE OF CHAOS

FAR-FROM-EQUILIBRIUM CONDITIONS

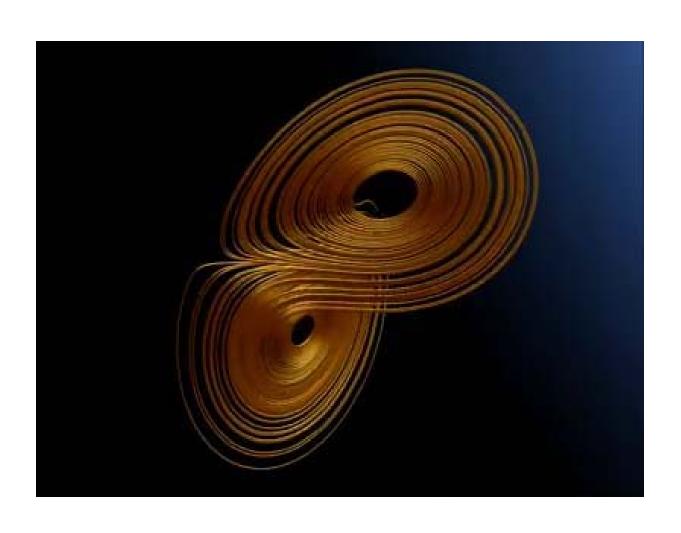


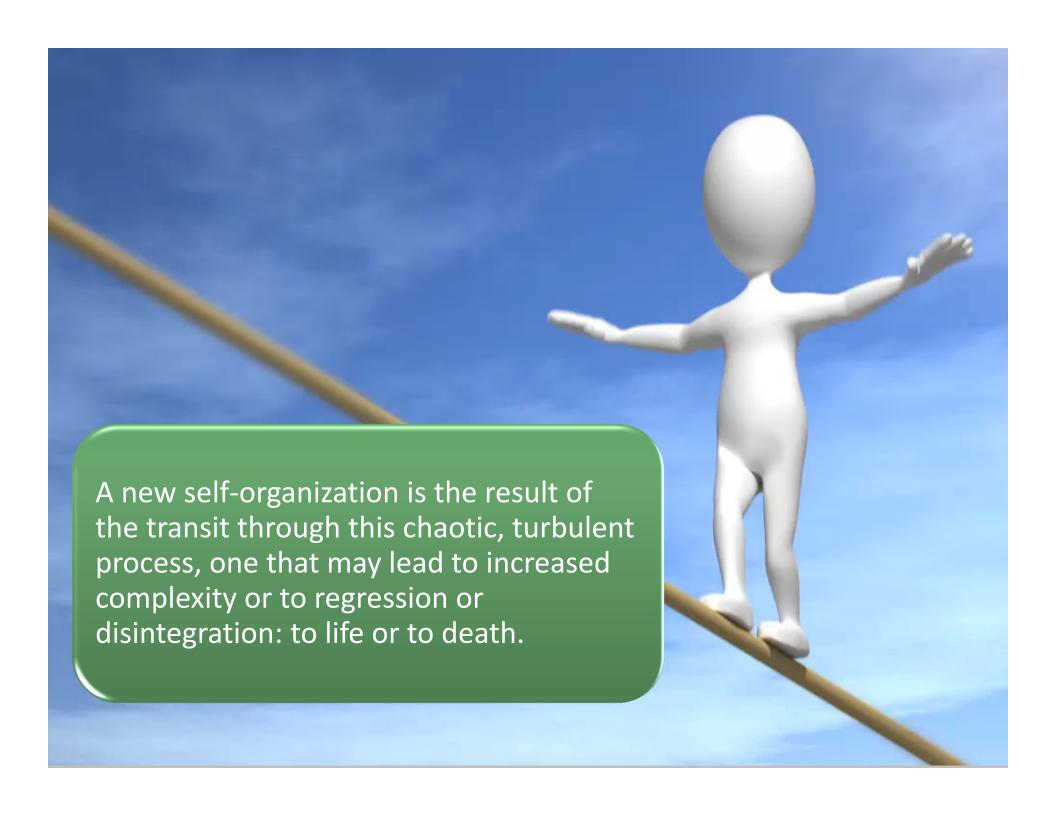
Associated with great anxiety

Unpredictable outcomes

At far-from-equilibrium conditions, transformation can occur - change needs to be released

"STRANGE" ATTRACTORS





SELF-ORGANIZATION

Process by which a structure or pattern emerges in an open system without specification from the outside environment.



EMERGENCE IS THE OUTCOME OF SELF-ORGANIZATION –
A NEW STATE OR CONDITION

WHAT ACES IS TELLING US:







OBSTACLES TO TRANSFORMATIVE CHANGE



OBSTACLES TO CHANGE

Lack of knowledge

Perverse incentives

Little double loop learning

History of entrenched bureaucracy

Limited resources

Inadequate, ill-informed leadership

Lack of participatory processes

Insufficient time for collaboration

Demoralized workforce

PERHAPS THE BIGGEST OBSTACLE TO CHANGE

When *Change* shows up:

- Something old STOPS
- Something new BEGINS

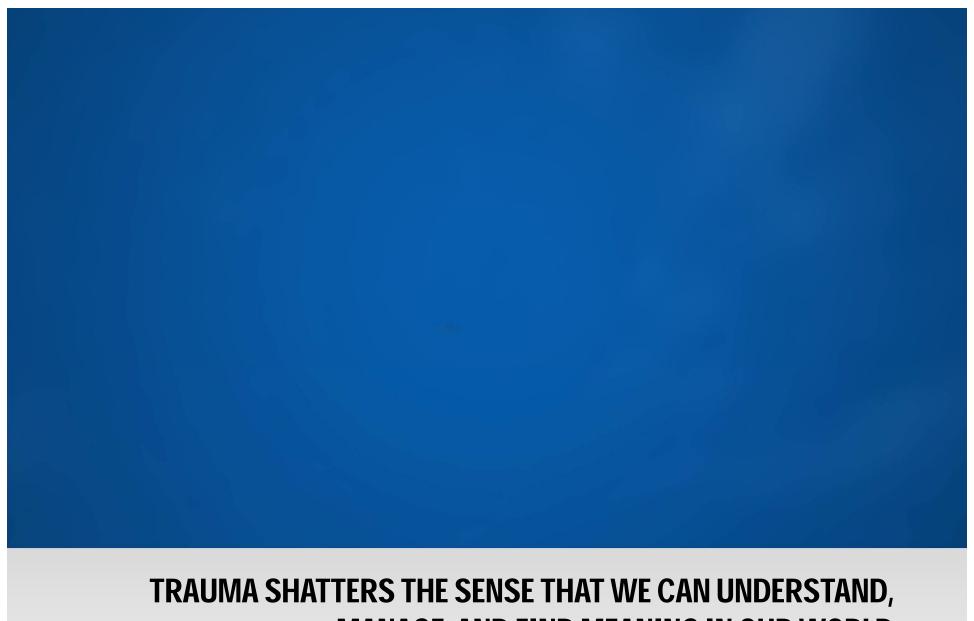


Resistance to change is based in fear of loss

ALL CHANGE MEANS LOSS

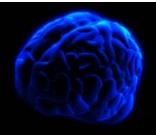






MANAGE, AND FIND MEANING IN OUR WORLD





WHAT SCIENCE TELLS US ABOUT...

The physical self

The developing self

The emotional self

The social self

The moral self

And how traumatic experience changes things

CHANGING PARADIGMS

An interconnected world

COMPLEXITY

That is alive

- ALIVE AT EVERY LEVEL NEW LIFE EMERGES FROM SIMPLER ELEMENTS
- THROUGH SELF-ORGANIZING CHANGE

Life = self-organizing change

- NONLINEAR
- TRANSFORMATIVE

CHANGING PARADIGMS

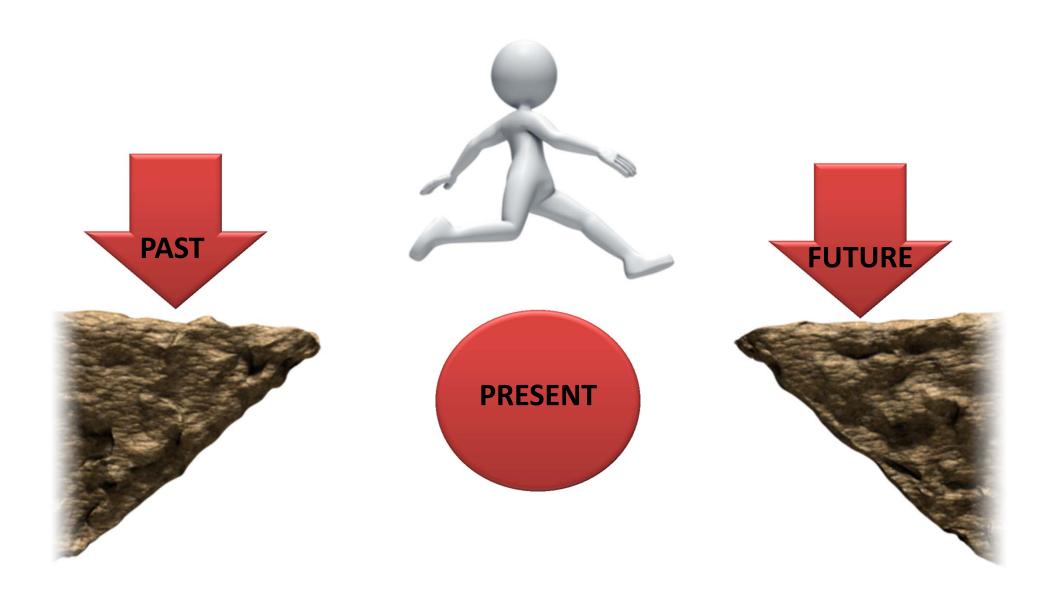
Sensitive dependence on initial conditions

- CHILDHOOD and ADVERSITY
- History can influence the future course of a system's evolution, but not determine it.

An almost infinite number of possibilities unfold within every moment

- NEUROPLASTICITY IS REAL
- HUMAN INTENTION CAN CHANGE THE BRAIN AND CHANGE FUTURE

BRIDGING PARADIGMS

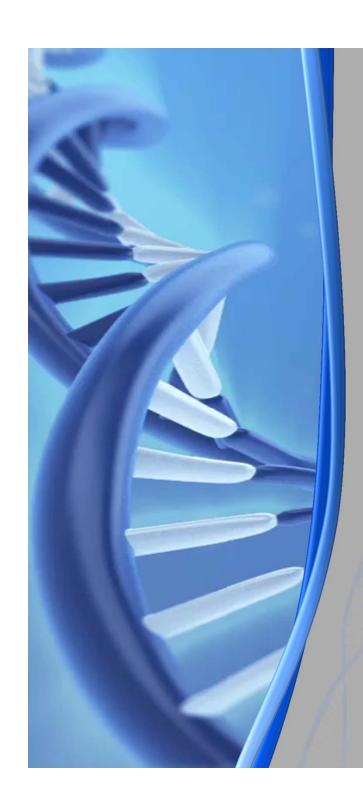


FOR INDIVIDUAL OR SYSTEM TRANSFORMATION WE NEED:





CREATING A CONTEXT FOR EMERGENT, TRANSFORMATIVE CHANGE



ACES DEMONSTRATE THAT CONTEXT MATTERS

Physical context

Developmental context

Multigenerational context

Emotional context

Social context

Economic and political context

Philosophical/religious/spiritual context

Creative, transformative context

SHARED KNOWLEDGE:

Adversity, Toxic Stress, Trauma & Attachment

SHARED VALUES:

 Commitments to Nonviolence, Emotional Intelligence, Social Learning, Open Communication, Social Responsibility, Democracy, Growth & Change

SHARED LANGUAGE:

• S.E.L.F. = Safety, Emotions, Loss and Future

SHARED PRACTICE:

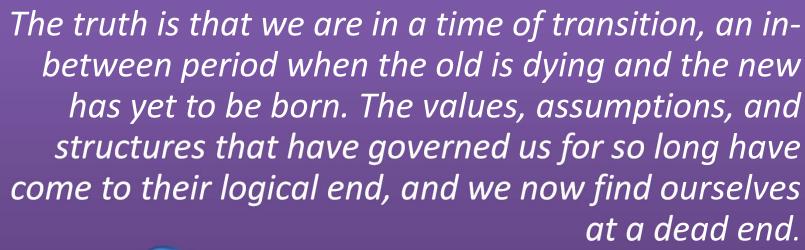
Sanctuary Toolkit

SHARED MISSION:

Parallel Process of Recovery

SANCTUARY AS A LIVING SYSTEM

FAR-FROM-EQUILIBRIUM CONDITIONS



Jim Wallis

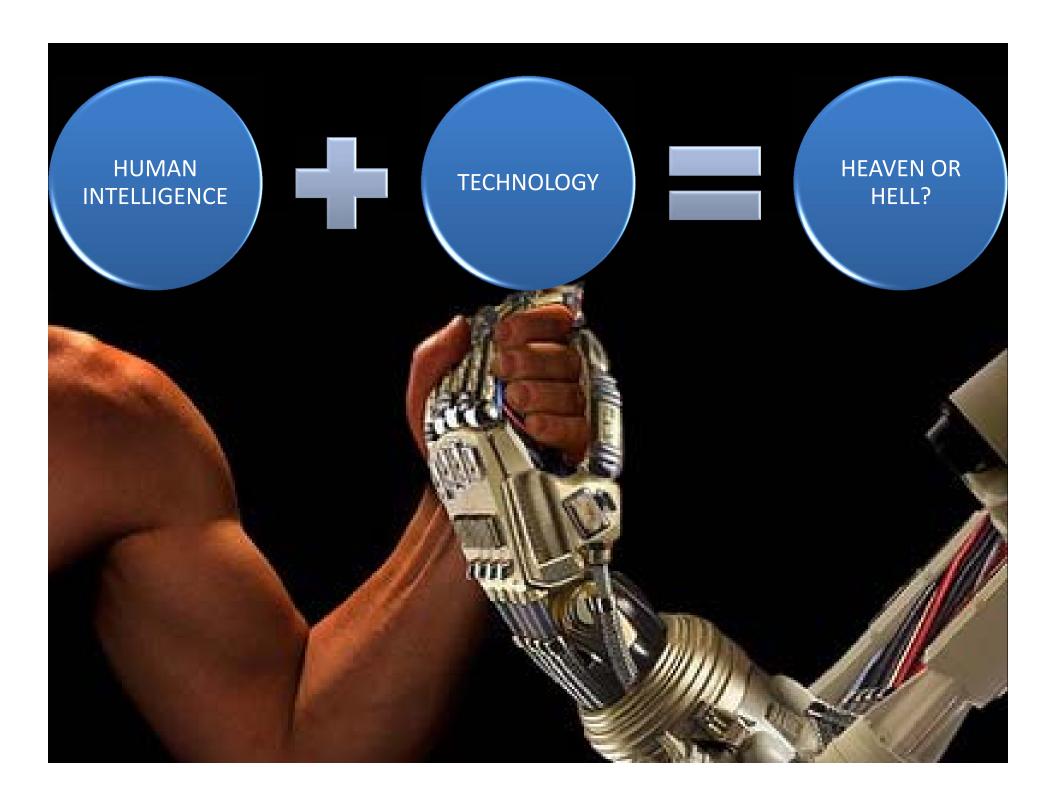


Every transformation ... has rested on a new metaphysical and ideological base; or rather, upon deeper stirrings and intuitions whose rationalized expression takes the form of a new picture of the cosmos and the nature of man.

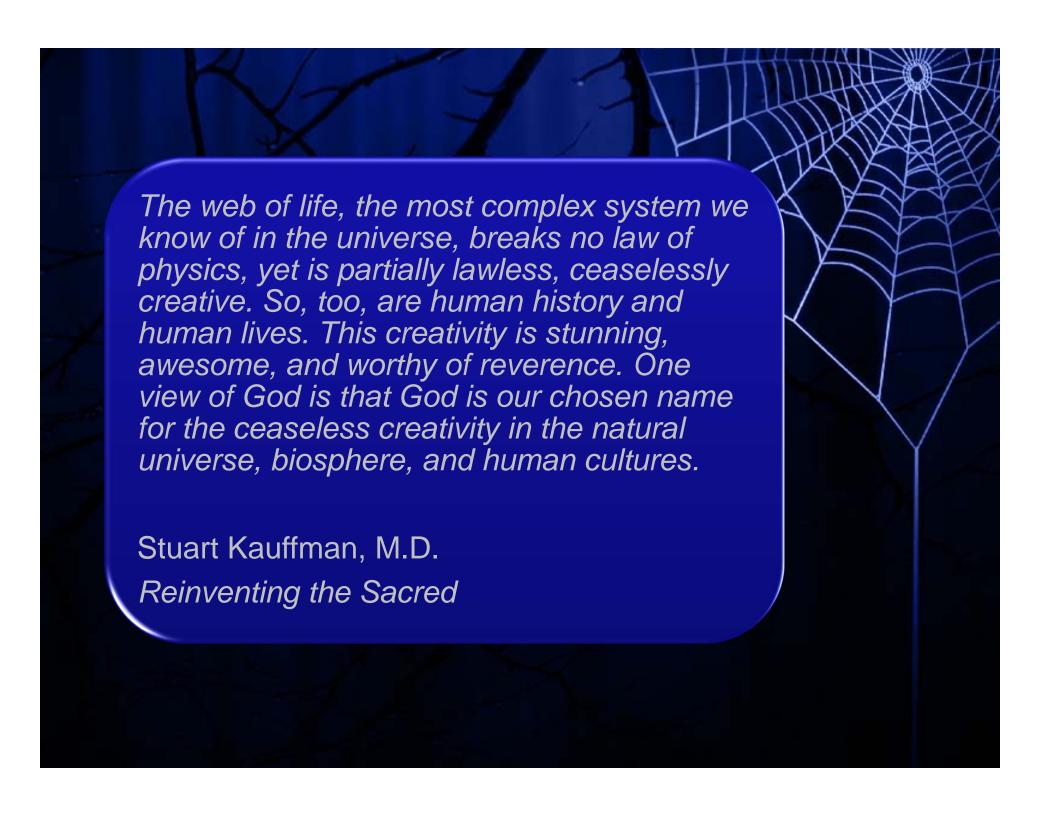
Louis Mumford

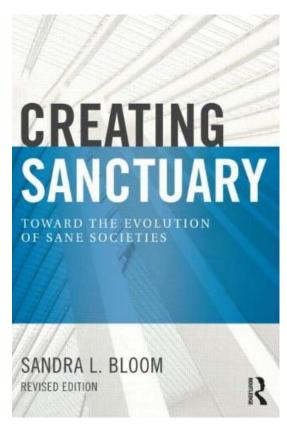
American historian, sociologist, and philosopher

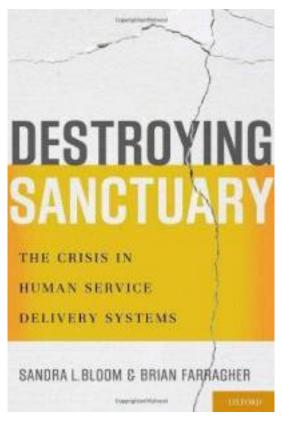














A NEW OPERATING
SYSTEM FOR
TRAUMA-INFORMED
SYSTEMS OF CARE



